History

Subject Leader: James Wiggins

CURRICULUM INTENT:

At Montsaye Academy, we believe the study of our History curriculum will enable learners to become confident, knowledgeable and inquisitive young people. Pupils will be prepared for the demands of a modern world; to question the world around them, becoming compassionate and gaining a deep knowledge and understanding of the world and its past. Enabling our learners to develop the core skills needed for sixth form, university and beyond. We will also ensure our students learn the skills of a historian, to research, record and report on events making analytical and supported judgements. Developing respect and compassion by studying a vast and intriguing history from around the world which links with present events, making our students well-rounded intellectuals.

"Learning from the past, for a better future."

Key Stage 3

Year 7 unit 1 begins in Constantinople, where East meets West, ideas are exchanged, religions coexist, and trade flourishes. This provides an understanding of the interconnectedness between different parts of the world, such as tracking the influence of the Spice Roads from China into Europe. Students gain significant context and foundational knowledge about Christianity and Islam for later in the year when they visit this region again in unit 3 through the lens of medieval conflict and the crusades. It also prepares them with a conceptual understanding of the development of scientific knowledge and the spread of ideas. This is built on in unit 6, when they learn about the Renaissance, and explore the age of discoveries. The Year 7 curriculum comes full circle as unit 6 begins with the collapse of Constantinople in the 15th century, 400 years after they initially studied its importance and influence in the region in unit 1.

		Worldviews in the		The Norman		Religion in The		14th Century Mali - 1. What		Challenges to		The Renaissance - 1.
		11th century - "How		Conquest - 1.		Middle Ages - 1.		evidence can we use to investigate		Medieval Monarchs		Where and
		connected was the		What was		What was		Medieval Mali? 2. Who was Mansa		- 1. Why was it		how did the
		world in 1000?" is		England like in 1066?		the role of the		Musa? 3.How did Mansa Musa		so difficult for		Renaissance begin?
		the question		Who were		Church in medieval		demonstrate his power? 4. How did		monarchs to control		2. Which
		explored through: •		the claimants to the		England? 2.		Timbuktu become a cultural centre? 5.		the Church?		ideas and inventions
_		The		throne? 3.		What was	Term 4	Why is Medieval Mali		(Becket). 2.		shaped the
ā	1	diversity and	2	What	3	the role of monks in		significant?	വ	What was	9	Renaissance? 3.
) K	Term	vastness of the		happened at the	r.	medieval society? 3.			Ľ.	the Magna Carta and	Ë	Why was
-	Ter	Christian and	Term	Battle of Stamford	Ter	Why did			Ter	what was its impact?	Ter	Columbus' voyage
		Islamic worlds. •		Bridge? 4.	·	people go on			·	Does King	·	significant? 4.
		The		Why did		crusades? 4.				John deserve to be		Why and
		spread of knowledge		William win at		What was				known as John as		how did the
		and ideas.		Hastings? 5.		the impact? 5.				'bad King John'? 4.		Renaissance world
				How did		Why was				What was		expand?
				William control his		religion significant in				the Black Death		
				kingdom?		the Middle Ages?						
						Authorit						

Throughout the Y7 curriculum the concepts of power, identity and connectivity are themes running through the curriculum and will correspond to the BIG question, how does power change? These questions will be used to challenge students thinking and as vehicles for discussion and debate, building oracy with purpose into the curriculum. Do Now tasks will be used to recap and assess pupils learning of knowledge throughout the curriculum. the skills, knowledge and understanding of the Y7 curriculum will support key learning points in subsequent years.

The Y8 curriculum continues to focus on the key concepts of power and identify and how they this drastically change through protest and the emergence of our democratic political system. Pupils will develop their source skills in Y8 by investigating the usefulness of a source's origin and content to assess and evaluate the utility of a source from history. The Y8 curriculum will continue to explore international history and focus on the significance of the British Empire, this unit will develop student understanding of the complexity of the British Empire, how it evolved over a long period of time and emerged in positions of power in different ways in different places at different times. There is focus on how people from across the empire and different experiences for example, experiences from India, Australia, and Africa. Y8 curriculum culminates by exploring the effects of the Industrial Revolution and how it led to the workhouse system in the 19th century, with a historical enquiry on Jack the Ripper. The Y8 curriculum will broaden the students' knowledge and understanding of key events in the 17th and 19th century which will support Y9 learning where we focus on the 20th century.

		Protest and		The British Empire -		Transatlantic slavery		Industrial Revolution - 1. What was		Workers and		Crime and
		democracy - 1. Why		 What was 		- 1. What was		the Industrial Revolution? 2. How did		shirkers of Victorian		Punishment in
		did people protest		the British Empire?		the role of the		transport change? 3. What was		Britain - 1. How did		Victorian Britain - 1.
		for the vote in the		Why did countries		British Empire in the		the impact of key people? 4. Did		the working		Why was there so
		19th century? 2.		desire them? 2.		TAST? 2. How did the		everyone view the Industrial Revolution		conditions change in		much crime in
)		What were the		How was		TAST work? 3.		as progress? 5. What were the		Victorian Britain? 2.		Victorian Britain? 3.
.		effects of the		Britain's relationship		How was		roles of women and children during the		What were some		Who was Jack the
ز	11	Glorious Revolution?	2	with India	m	the slave Trade	4	IndustriaTransatlantic slavery - 1.	2	worst jobs in	9	Ripper? 3. How did
-	ะาน	3. How did the	r.	established and how	Term	abolished? a.	r.	What was the role of the	erm	Victorian Britain? 3.	ru2	crime and
	Ĕ	voting system	۳	did it change over		White	۳	British Empire in the TAST? 2.	1	What was the	۳	punishment change
		change during the		time? 3. What was		middle-class		How did the TAST work? 3.		workhouse system?		in the 19th century?
		19th Century? 4.		the impact of		campaigns b.		How was the slave Trade		4. How did the		
		How does		colonisation of the		Black		abolished? a. White middle-class		workhouse system		
		democracy look		Aborigines? 4.		rebellions and		campaigns b. Black rebellions and		affect families?		
		today in our world?		How did		campaigners c.		campaigners c. Economic changes				
				the expansi		Economic						
						changes						

The Y8 curriculum allows our students to expand their knowledge and understanding of the key concepts of power and identity, by studying complex issues of empire, slavery and political reform, allowing students to increase their ability to make links across a whole curriculum. The skills of analysis and evaluation will be learnt and practiced throughout with extended writing being present in every term and fundamental source skills will be modelled and practiced consistently in lesson, and as always at the centre of their learning will be the acquirement and use of specific knowledge of the broad Y8 curriculum.

	The	Y9 curriculum allows ou	ır stud	dents to understand how	the 2	Oth century shaped our r	noderr	n world today, through studying many turnir	ng poir	nts, students will be able	to ma	ike links back to their
	key	learning from Y7 and Y8	3. Dur	ing Y9 students will learı	n to sk	narpen their history skills	from	extended writing and class discussion to so	ource	analysis and evaluation of	f histo	orical interpretations.
		Y9 students will	have	a vast knowledge and un	dersto	anding of the last 1000 ye	ears by	the end of Y9 and will be ready for the G	CSE c	ourse if they wish to pick	< it as	an option.
		Suffrage - 1.		Causes of World		Nazi Germany and		Post war Britain - 1. Why was		Post war Britain - 1.		Modern medicine - 1.
		Why was		War Two - 1. How		the Holocaust - 1.		the creation of the NHS significant? 2.		Why was		What are the main
		suffrage desired by		did WWI start		How did life		What did mass migration		the creation of the		ideas about illness
		19th century women		WWII? 2. What was		change for Jews		mean for Britain? 3. How did		NHS significant? 2.		and disease in
		and working-class		appeasement and		under the Nazi		life for women change during the		What did		modern medicine?
		men? 2. Which		how did it lead to		regime? 1933-39. 2.		1960s?		mass migration mean		2. How do we
		group was most		WWII? 3. How did		How did				for Britain? 3.		prevent illness and
٥		effective in		Hitler's foreign		WWII effect	4			How did		disease in the 21st
≒	11	increasing the	12	policy lead to	.3	European Jews? 3.			5	life for women	91	century? 3. How
ear	2rm	impact of the	2rr	WWII? 4. What was	Term 3	How were	r.		Term	change during the	erm	significant was the
≻	۳	campaign for	1	the Nazi-Soviet	ř	the Nazis able to	1		۳	1960s?	۳	development of
		women's suffrage?		Pact? 5. What was		implement the Final						penicillin? 4. What
		How far		the main cause of		Solution? 4.						is lung cancer and
		did WW1 help the		WWII?		How far						how does the NHS t
		campaign for				was Hitler						
		universal suffrage?				responsible for the						
		4. Why did				Final Solution?						
		women gain the vote										

The Y9 curriculum is rich with engaging historical events, peoples and concepts, recall of knowledge across the year will allow students to to make strong links and connections. Key historical events of the 20th century are taught and key skills are embedded throughout the curriculum in preparation for the history GCSE.

in 1918?

Key Stage 4

In GCSE History we deliver the Edexcel units and Y10 will start their journey with the American West Paper 2 Unit, which investigates the effects of American migration into the American West and the impact on the Native Americans. Key exam skills are taught including how to write an analytical narrative of certain events, and how to explain the importance of key factors. From the American West Y10 will learn the Paper 3 unit, Russia and the Soviet Union 1917-41. Here pupils will learn the key events in Russia which have shaped our modern world today. Y10 students will practice and perfect their source analysis skills and their analysis of historical interpretations. Pupils will be provided with modelled answers and Edexcel mark schemes and past exam questions will be used to support Y10 students throughout Y10, culminating in their end of Y10 exams, where pupils will experience the public exam conditions to prepare them for their real exams.

		Will be ased to support	, 10 0	radonio mirodgilodi 710,		naring in mon ona of 710	CAGII	s, where pupils will experience the public o	Autil C	onamons to propare me	11 101	mon roar oxamo.
		American West		American West		Russia and the Soviet		Russia and the Soviet Union Topic 2: 1.		Russia and the		Russia and the
		Topic 1 - Early		Topic 2 and 3 -		Union Topic 1: 1. Why		How did the Bolsheviks hold on to		Soviet Union Topic		Soviet Union Topic
		Settlement 1835-		Develop and Conflict		was there a February		power? 2. How did the Bolsheviks win		3: 1. How did Stalin		4: 1. How did Stalin
		1862 1. Who were		1862-1895 1. Why		Revolution in Russia in		the Russian Civil War 3. Did Lenin's		get into power? 2.		change the farming
0		the Plains Indians?		was the cattle		1917? 2. Why was		economy improve people's lives?		What was the purge		of Russia? 2. What
7		2. Why did white	•	industry so	Term 3	the Provisional			10	and the Great		were the main
ā	m 1	settlers move	Term 2	important? 2. How		Government so weak?			E E	Terror? 3. How did	m 6	changes in the
Ď	Гег	West? 3. Why was		did the Indian's way		3. How did Lenin and			Гег	Stalin control the	Per	Soviet Union's
>	•	there so much		of life change? Why		the Bolsheviks take			,	Soviet Union using	-	industry? 3. What
		conflict and tension		did farming and the		over Russia in				propaganda?		was life like in the
		in the West? How		cattle industry		October 1917?						Soviet Union?
		did the early		change? Why was								1
		settlers in the West		there still conflict in								
		succeed?		the American West?								ı

The Y10 Curriculum has been planned to teach our GCSE students the main exam skills they will need for their Y11 exams. throughout Y10 they will learn and practice key exam skills that make up over 50% of their marks. From learning how to write a narrative to analyse key events in the American West to learning how to evaluate two historical interpretations of events from Russia and the Soviet Union. Our GCSE pupils will have access to model answers and mark schemes to increase the confidence and knowledge of the key components which make up their History GCSE.

Throughout the year pupils will have their knowledge tested at the beginning of lessons through Do Now tasks and factual guizzes at the end of each unit.

In GCSE History we deliver the Edexcel units and Y11 will cover the Paper 1 Medicine Through time and the Western Front units. Pupils will learn how medicine has changed since the Middle Ages and which key factors were significant in change and continuity of medicine. Pupils will begin Y11 by learning the key features of medicine in the Western Front during WWI, where pupil will practice their source analysis skill which were learnt in Y10. Pupils will be provided with modelled answers and Edexcel mark schemes and past exam questions will be used to support Y11 with their home learning and revision, which will be assessed during two mock exam periods which will cover all three Papers, then culminating in their public exams.

		Tionie i	Cui IIII	ig and revision, which wil	i DC us	bacaaca aaring two mock t	CAUIII	periods writer will cover all thisee rapers, in	ich cui	minaring in men public e		·
		Paper 1 Historical		Paper 1 Medicine		Paper 1 Medicine		Paper 1 Medicine through time -		GCSE revision and		Year 11 New
		Environment -		through time -		through time -		Industrial Medicine - 1. How did		exam preparation		Knowledge will be
		Western Front		Medieval and		Industrial Medicine -		science and technology change medicine				complete by
		1914-1918 1. How		Renaissance - 1.		1. How did science		in the 19th century? 2. What was the				4/4/2025
		did trench warfare		How did the Middle		and technology		most significant change in hospital care				
		effect medicine on		Ages effect		change medicine in		and surgery? 3. How did public health				
		the Western Front?		medicine? 2. What		the 19th century? 2.		change during the 19th century? 4.				
		2. How did the		changed in medicine		What was the most		How significant was Jenner's smallpox				
11		RAMC evacuate		during the		significant change in		vaccination? 5. How significant were				
_	1 1	wounded soldiers?	1 2	Renaissance period?	13	hospital care and	4	the cholera epidemics in changing	15		91	
ear	Term 1	3. What new	ราน	3. What can we learn	ะเห	surgery? 3. How did	erm	public health?	2rm		Term	
×	H	techniques were	F	about medicine from	ř	public health change	F		Ĕ		Ĕ	
		developed during		the Great Plague?		during the 19th						
		WWI? 4. How did		4. How significant		century? 4. How						
		poisonous gas affect		was the		significant was						
		WWI soldiers? 5.				Jenner's smallpox						
		How useful are				vaccination? 5. How						
		WWI sources?				significant were the						
						cholera epidemics in						
						changing public						
						health?						

The Y11 curriculum has been planned to support the development of our historians, Y11 allows our pupils to practice and perfect key skills for their exams, whilst learning one of the most engaging topics, the history of medicine from the Middle Ages to modern times. Two mock exam periods have been planned in to allow pupils to practice and perfect key exam skills and to recall and revise key historical knowledge throughout the year. All culminating in an opportunity for our pupils to succeed in their exams and hopefully to continue their love of history with us at A-level.

Key Stage 5

Y12 curriculum has been planned to develop on the knowledge and skills from GCSE to support their journey at A-Level. Y12 will learn two different communist states comparing key features of the Soviet Union and Communist China. They will learn how to develop their analytical skills of key factors and also develop their source analysis skills. Both Paper 1 Russia and Paper 2 China have been planned to compliment each other, the use of knowledge recall and exam will be consistent to support our Y12s progress. Mock exams are planned in during the year to assess key knowledge and understanding, the use of modelled answers and mark schemes will support our pupils throughout Y12.

and understanding, the use of modelled answers and mark schemes will support our pupils throughout \$12.												
		Paper 1 Russia - How		Paper 1 Russia -		Paper 1 Russia -		Paper 1 Russia - Social Developments,		Paper 1 Russia -		Revision of Paper 1
		did the Communists		Industrial and		Control of the		1917-85 1. How did Soviet leaders		What explains the		Russia and Paper 2
		consolidate their		agricultural change,		people, 1917-85 1.		affect housing, employment and society		fall of the USSR,		China in preparation
		power? 1. How did		1917-85 1. What		How was media,		in the years 1918-85? 2. How did the		c1985-91? 1. The		for end of year
		Lenin and Bolsheviks		were the key		propaganda and		status of women change between the		significance of the		exams. Coursework
~		increase their		changes to the		religions used to	Term 4	years 1918-85? 3. How did education		economic weaknesses		unit is introduced -
12	1	control? 2. What	~	economy between	3	control the Soviet		change in the years 1918-85?	2	of the USSR and the	9	enquiry question of
Year	E	were the key	erm ?	the years 1918-28?	Term 3	Union in the years			Į.	failure of reform.	Ĕ	the causes of WWI
Ū	Ter	features of Stalin in	ler.	2. How did Stalin		1918-85? 2. What			Гег	2. The effects of	Γer	- introduction of the
_	·	power? 3. How did		transform the		was the significance				Gorbachev's failure	•	historiography -
		Communist control		Soviet Unions		of the secret police				to reform the		how to reference
		change between the		economy? 3. What		for Communist				Communist Party		for your coursework
		years 1953-1985?		were the key		control in the years				and the Soviet		- background
		Paper 2 Mao		changes to		1918-85? 3. How				government.		reading of
				agriculture and								
				industry								

During Y12 pupils will be taught key knowledge component for both Paper 1 and Paper 2. Recall or Do Now activities will test prior knowledge, marks schemes and model answers will support the development of Y12 pupils' understanding to increase their analytical and evaluation skills. 20 mark essays are practiced consistently throughout the year and teachers will model all levels to support all abilities of our pupils. Timely assessment points have been planned to allow pupils opportunities to identify their strengths and areas to develop through precise feedback and support.

The Y13 curriculum has been planned to give pupils the best opportunity to succeed at A Level History, pupils will learn key components for their Paper 3 and History Coursework. Y13 pupils will learn how social welfare and public health provision significantly changed between the years of 1780-1939. The poverty unit assess pupils deep knowledge and understanding of key changes throughout the time, whilst the public health unit assesses pupils' broader knowledge and understanding. Y13 skills would have already been introduced in Y12 and will be developed further during Y13, again using modelled answers and examiner mark schemes to fully understand key knowledge and exam skills. Y13 pupils will also be undertaking their History coursework which will investigate the main causes of the First World War. Pupils will learn how to explain and analyse differing historical interpretations, whilst evaluating the main causes of the First World War.

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	Paper 3 : Public		Paper 3 : Public		Paper 3 : Poverty -		Paper 3 : Poverty - Social and welfare		Paper 3 : Poverty -		Year 13 New
	Health - The		Health - Changes in		The government,		reforms: pressure and action, 1880-		Depression and the	e	Knowledge will be
	impetus for public		public health - 1.		self-help and		1914 - 1. What were the main pressure		dole: poverty in the		complete by
	health reforms - 1.		What were the key		charity, 1847-80 - 1.		for reform in the late nineteenth		inter-war years,		4/4/2025
	What were the main		changes in Public		How did government		century? 2. What was the significance		1920-39 - 1. How did		
	reasons for changing	~	Health in the years	m	control of poor		on the 1905 Royal Commission on the	10	the Wall Street	9	
		٤ ا	1780-1939? 2. How	E	provision change	M 4	poor law? 3. How did the	E	Crash affect poverty	m	
	public health provision? 2. How	9	significant were	Ter	after the Andover	Ter		9	in the 1920s and	-B	
1	did the changes in	-	individuals in	_	Workhouse scandal?	-		_	30s? 2. What was	_	
	attitude and social		changing public		2. How significant				the impact of the		
	opinion affect public		health provision?		was charity and self-				Jarrow and Hunger		
	health? Paper 3:		Paper 3 : Poverty -		help for relieving				Marches? 3. How		
	Poverty Unit -		Less eligibility: the		poverty in the years				significant were the		
	Paupers and pa		Poor Law		1832-47?				gove		

During Y13 pupils will be taught key knowledge component for their Paper 3 Unit and will also be guided through their independent coursework. Recall or Do Now activities will test prior knowledge, marks schemes and model answers will support the development of Y13 pupils' understanding to increase their analytical and evaluation skills. 20 mark essays are practiced consistently throughout the year and teachers will model all levels to support all abilities of our pupils. Timely assessment points have been planned to allow pupils opportunities to identify their strengths and areas to develop through precise feedback and support. By Easter pupils will be supported in their preparation for the Summer Exams and will have access to past paper questions and example answers.

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